



Binghamton University

EngiNet™

State University of New York



WARNING

All rights reserved. No part of the course materials used in the instruction of this course may be reproduced in any form or by any electronic or mechanical means, including the use of information storage and retrieval systems, without written approval from the copyright owner.

**©2023 Binghamton University
State University of New York**



Contact Information:

EngiNet Office Staff:

Janice Kinzer

Email: enginet@binghamton.edu

Phone: 1-800-478-0718 or 607-777-4965

Fax: 1-800-258-6640 or 607-777-6254

Media Production Operator: **Siena Kuryla**

Instructor: Prof. **Luis M. Rocha**

Email: rocha@binghamton.edu

Phone: 607-777-5934

TA: **Samer Abubaker**

evolutionary systems and biologically-inspired computing

Resources

- web page
 - casci.binghamton.edu/academics/i-bic/
- online class
 - [Link on Brightspace](#)
- blog: life inspired
 - life-inspired.blogspot.com
- Brightspace
 - brightspace.binghamton.edu/d2l/home/305125

ISE-483/SSIE-583 - spring 2023

luis m. rocha

office hours:

thursdays 9:00- 11:30am, EB S04
binghamton.zoom.us/my/luismrocha

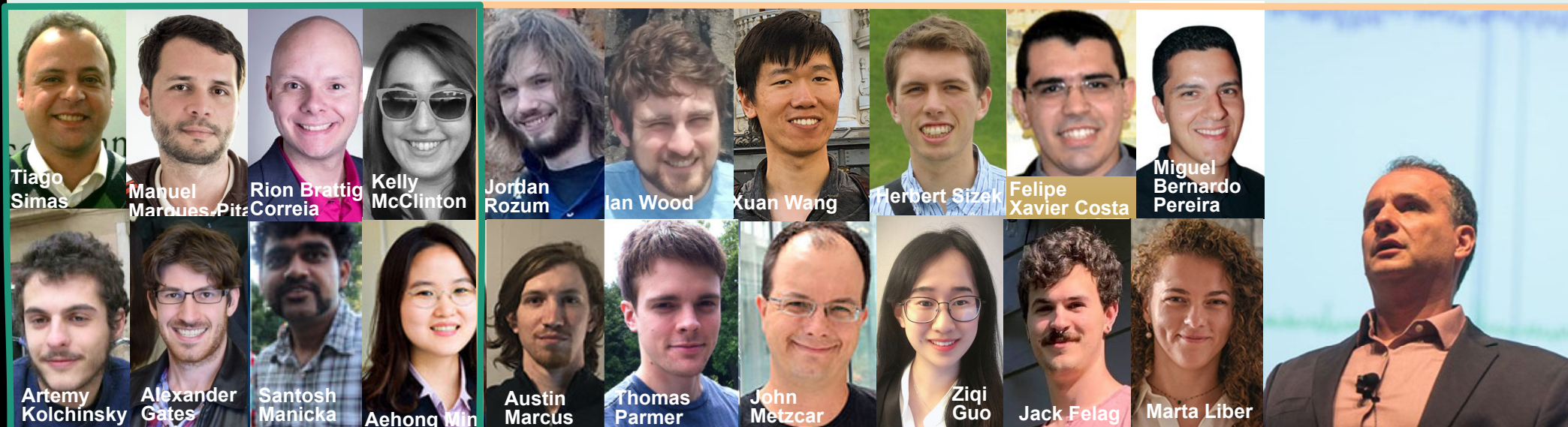


rocha@binghamton.edu
casci.binghamton.edu/academics/i-bic



BINGHAMTON UNIVERSITY
STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK

evolutionary systems and bio-inspired computing



luis m. rocha

what I do



PERSISTENT



rocha@binghamton.edu
casci.binghamton.edu

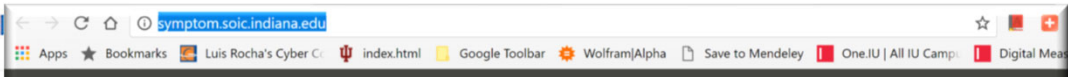


careerbuilder



social media data pipelines for biomedicine

1 Social Media for Pub



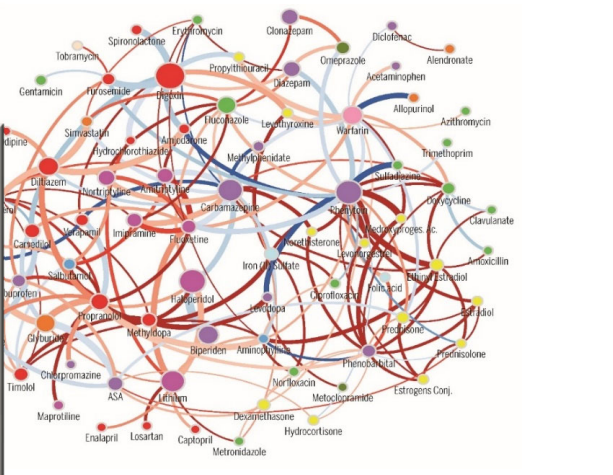
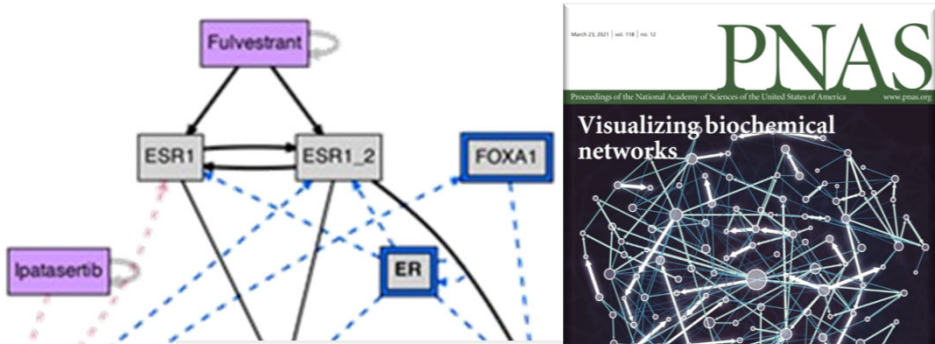
MyAura: Personalized Dashboard and Web Service For Chronic Disease Management

Min et al [2023]. *CHI 2023*. 32.
 Wood, Correia, Miller, & Rocha [2022]. *Epilepsy & Behavior*. 128: 108580.
 Correia, Wood, Bollen, & Rocha [2020]. *Annual Review of Biomedical Data Science*, 3:1.
 Wood, Varela, Bollen, Rocha & Sá [2017]. *Scientific Reports*. 7: 17973 .
 Correira, Li & Rocha [2016]. *PSB*: 21:492-503.
 Ciampaglia, et al [2015]. *PLoS ONE*. 10(6): e0128193.

rocha@binghamton.edu
 cascib@binghamton.edu/academics/i-bic

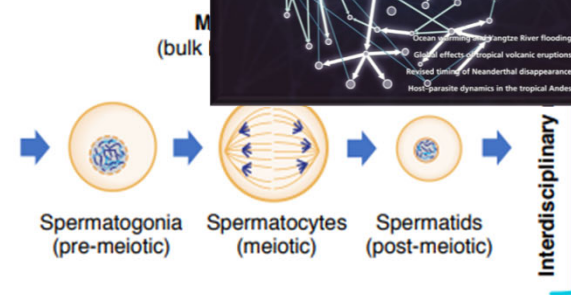
integrating and analyzing multiomic electronic health records with network science

to predict comorbidity & drug interaction networks, disease factors & interventions



a

- Selected species
- Human
 - Mouse
 - Fruit fly

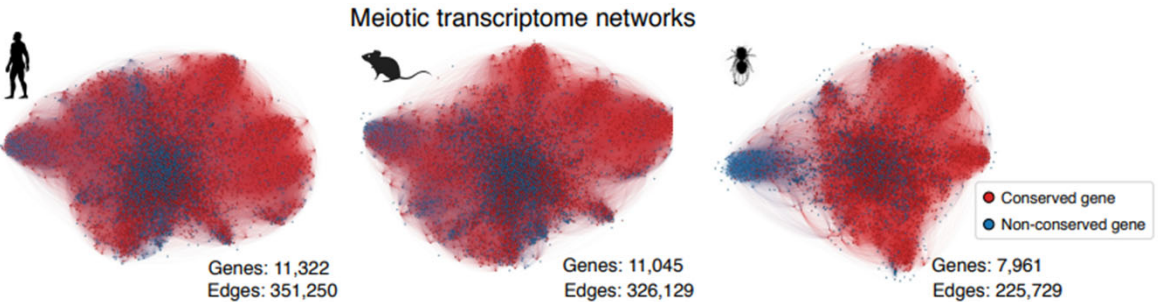


- Phylostratigraphy
- Network science
- Developmental biology
- Clinical genetics

npj Digital Medicine
Correia, Araujo, Mattos & Rocha [2019]. 2: 74.

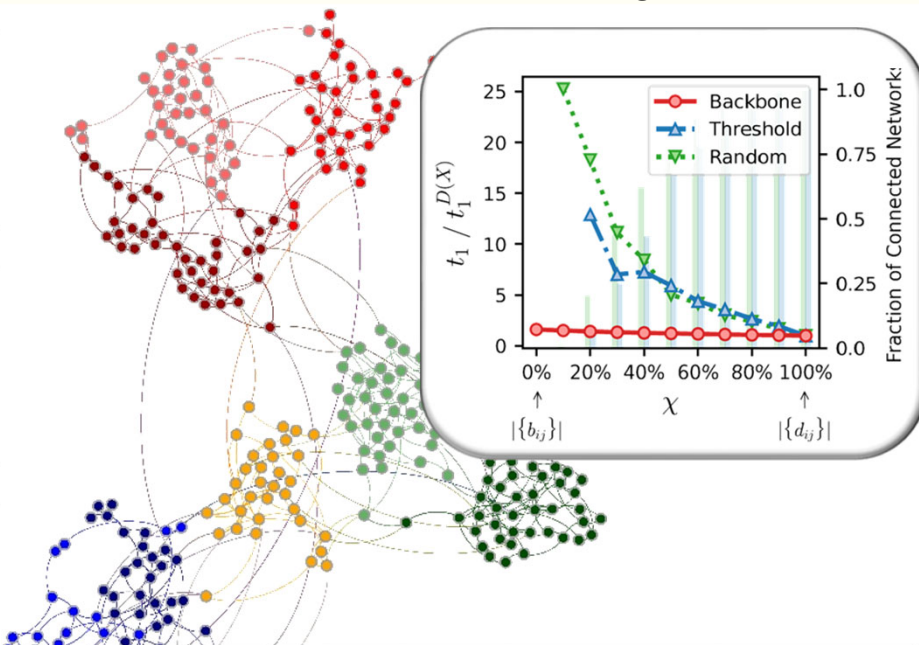
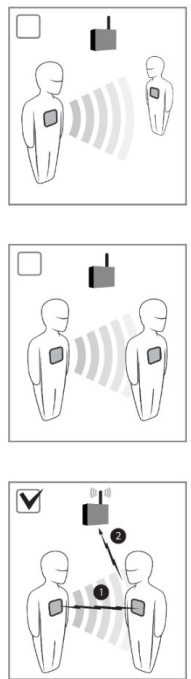
Article | Open Access | Published: 23 July 2019

City-wide electronic health records reveal gender and age biases in administration of known drug-drug interactions



integrating and analyzing multilevel data sources with network science

to predict disease spread, information integration



PLOS COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY

OPEN ACCESS PEER-REVIEWED
RESEARCH ARTICLE

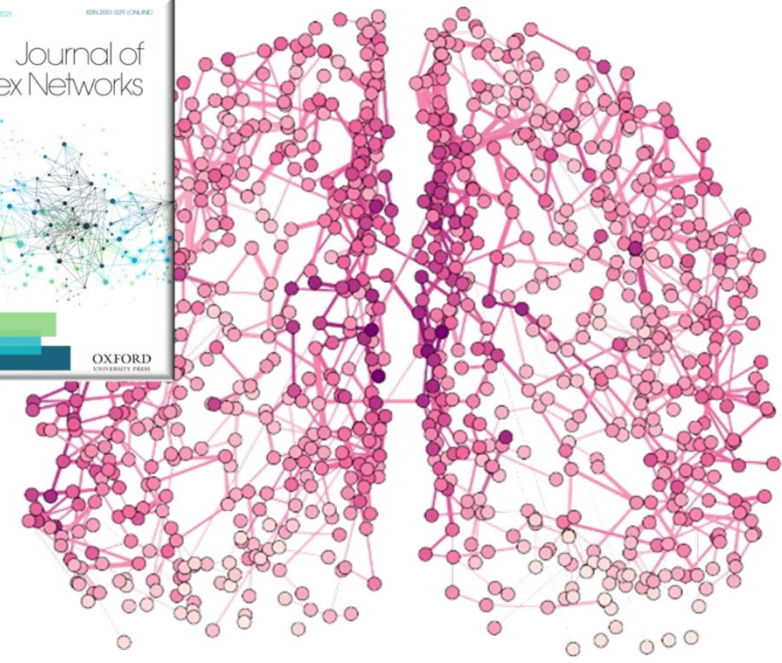
Contact networks have small metric backbones that maintain community structure and are primary transmission subgraphs

Rion Brattig Correia, Alain Barrat, Luis M. Rocha

frontiers in **NEUROINFORMATICS** ORIGINAL RESEARCH ARTICLE
published: 24 July 2014
doi: 10.3389/fninf.2014.00066

Multi-scale integration and predictability in resting state brain activity

Journal of Complex Networks
Editor: E. Eshkol
OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS



rocha@binghamton.edu
casci.binghamton.edu/academics/i-bic

Simas & Rocha [2015]. *Network Science*. doi:10.1017/nws.2015.11
Simas, Correia & Rocha [2021]. *J Complex Networks*. 9 (6), cnab021.

E-TRASH LIVE IN LISBON



FEB 21 - 10 PM - NO COVER

FRIDAY, AUGUST 19: 1AM (BASEMENT)

what about you?

- Background
- Interests
- Course expectations



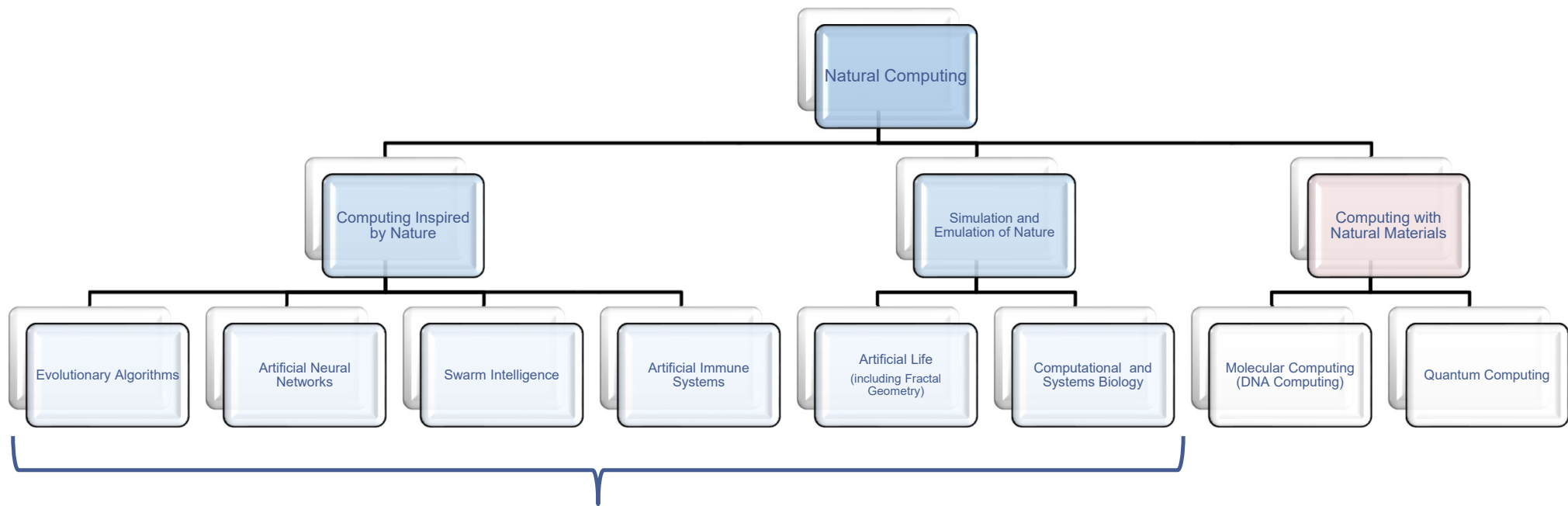
evolutionary systems and biologically-inspired computing

course materials

- **Lecture notes**
 - See course web page and blog
- **Class Handouts**
 - Web page and brightspace
- **Class Book**
 - Floreano, D. and C. Mattiussi [2008]. *Bio-Inspired Artificial Intelligence: Theories, Methods, and Technologies*. MIT Press.
- **Recommended or alternative books**
 - Flake, G. W. [1998]. *The Computational Beauty of Nature: Computer Explorations of Fractals, Complex Systems, and Adaptation*. MIT Press.
 - Forbes, N. [2004]. *Imitation of Life: How Biology is Inspiring Computing*. MIT Press.
 - Gleick, J. [2011]. *The Information: A History, a Theory, a Flood*. Random House.
 - De Jong, K. [2016] A. *Evolutionary Computation: A Unified Approach*. MIT Press.
 - Mitchell, M. [2019]. *Artificial intelligence : a guide for thinking humans*. Farrar, Straus and Giroux.
 - Mitchell, M. [2009]. *Complexity: A Guided Tour*. Oxford University Press.
 - Mitchell, M. [1999]. *An Introduction to Genetic Algorithms*. MIT Press.
 - Nunes de Castro, Leandro [2006]. *Fundamentals of Natural Computing: Basic Concepts, Algorithms, and Applications*. Chapman & Hall.
 - Nunes de Castro, Leandro and Fernando J. Von Zuben [2005]. *Recent Developments in Biologically Inspired Computing*. MIT Press.
 - Prusinkiewicz and Lindenmeyer [1996] *The algorithmic beauty of plants*.

- **Bio-inspired computing** is a field devoted to tackling complex problems using computational methods modeled after **design principles encountered in nature**.
 - Strongly grounded on the foundations of *complex systems* and *theoretical biology*.
 - The goal is a deep *understanding* of the **distributed architectures of natural complex systems**, and how those can be used to produce **informatics tools** with enhanced robustness, scalability, flexibility and which can interface more effectively with humans.
 - It is a **multi-disciplinary** field strongly based on biology, complexity, computer science, informatics, cognitive science, robotics, and cybernetics.
- **Aims**
 - Students will be introduced to fundamental topics in bio-inspired computing, and build up their proficiency in the application of various algorithms to real-world problems.
 - computational intelligence, modeling and simulation, machine learning, evolutionary systems, artificial life, and biology itself.

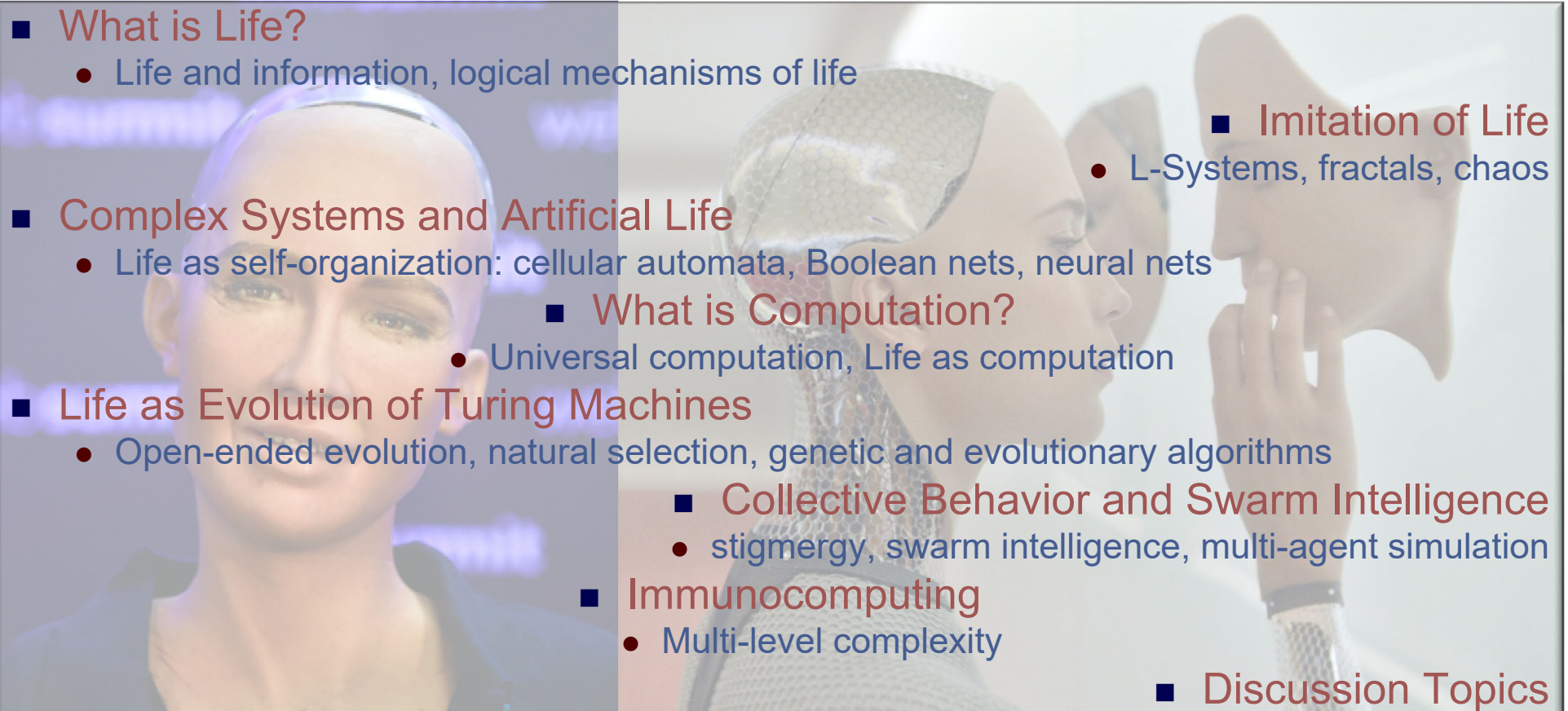
adapted from Nunes de Castro



Complex Systems Science Approach

evolutionary systems and biologically-inspired computing

syllabus

- 
- **What is Life?**
 - Life and information, logical mechanisms of life
 - **Complex Systems and Artificial Life**
 - Life as self-organization: cellular automata, Boolean nets, neural nets
 - **Life as Evolution of Turing Machines**
 - Open-ended evolution, natural selection, genetic and evolutionary algorithms
 - **What is Computation?**
 - Universal computation, Life as computation
 - **Imitation of Life**
 - L-Systems, fractals, chaos
 - **Collective Behavior and Swarm Intelligence**
 - stigmergy, swarm intelligence, multi-agent simulation
 - **Immunocomputing**
 - Multi-level complexity
 - **Discussion Topics**

evolutionary systems and biologically-inspired computing

evaluation

- **Participation: 15%.**
 - Based upon attendance and participation.
- **Labs**
 - **ISE-483 Assignments: 35%**
 - Students complete 5 (4 best) assignments on algorithms presented in class
 - **SSIE-583 Lab Delivery: 25%**
 - Groups develop, deliver, and assist grading two ISE-484 lab assignments
- **SSIE-583 - Presentation and Discussion: 25%**
 - Students will present and lead the discussion of an article related to the class materials. This includes presenting concepts necessary to understand the article.
- **Project Paper: 50% (ISE-483), 35% (SSIE-583)**
 - Students can choose to tackle a real problem using bio-inspired algorithms, or write a term paper (in Conference Style).
 - Students are expected to continuously consult with the instructor regarding the scope and depth of the project paper. Reusing and expanding labs is highly encouraged.
 - Project ideas available.

OH NO! OH NO!



SSIE-583 - possible presentations

Some classics

- Adami, 7:109-
- Conrad
- Crutchfield, *Science*
- Hinton.
- Kauffman, *Theore*
- Langton
 - Pa...
- Lindgren
- Addison
- Ray, T. 92-08-
- Pattee, 1-16.
- Schmid, 81-85.
- Sims, K. *graphic*
 - H.
 - Lip
- Varela, *system*

BINGHAMTON UNIVERSITY STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK

Spring 2024 Evolutionary Sys & Bio-Ins...

Course Home Calendar **Content** Assignments Quizzes Discussions Evaluation ▾ Classlist Course Tools ▾ Help ▾

Search Topics

Papers for Presentations ▾

Print Settings

Syllabus / Overview

Bookmarks

Course Schedule

Table of Contents

Syllabus

Office Hours

Class Recordings

Lecture Slides and Other Materials

Readings

[Papers for Presentations](#)

Add a module...

Add dates and restrictions...

Instructions for presentations:

Students are assigned to papers as lead discussants, but all students are supposed to read and participate in discussion of every paper. During class, a lead discussant prepares a short summary of the paper (15 minutes). The summary should:

- 1) Identify the key goals of the paper (not go in detail over every section);
- 2) What discussant liked and did not like;
- 3) What authors achieved and did not;
- 4) Any other relevant connections to other class materials and beyond.

After summary, discussion is opened to all, and role of lead discussant is to lead the discussion to make sure we address the important paper contributions. Also, discussant should prepare 2-3 discussion questions.

Upcoming Presentations:

- *January 29th, 2024*
- ?????
- Langton, C. [1989]. "Artificial Life" In Artificial Life. C. Langton (Ed.). Addison-Wesley. pp. 1-47.
 - Pattee, H. [1989], "Simulations, Realizations, and Theories of Life". In Artificial Life. C. Langton (Ed.). Addison-Wesley. pp. 63-77.

- views *Genetics*.
- ional Academy of
- s. 1, pp.495-502.
- nets". *Journal of*
- 47.
-). Addison-Wesley.
- gton et al (Eds).
- te working paper
- development 3:
- ata. *Science*, 324:
- Computer
- re 406: 974-978.
- ohen, Ed.) pp. 129-
- ation of living

but collegiality above all

■ Attendance

- We expect that students will approach the course as they should a professional job – attend every class.
- No mobile phones and laptops only for class materials
 - All materials available online

■ Academic Integrity

- As with other aspects of professionalism in this course, you are expected to abide by the proper standards of professional ethics and personal conduct. This includes the usual standards on acknowledgment of joint work and other aspects of the **Binghamton University Code of Student Conduct**. Cases of academic dishonesty will be reported to the Office of Student Conduct.

■ Incomplete Grade

- An incomplete ('I') final grade will be given only by prior arrangement in exceptional circumstances conforming to university and departmental policy which requires, among other things, that the student must have completed the bulk of the work required for the course with a passing grade, and that the remaining work can be made up within 30 days after the end of the semester.

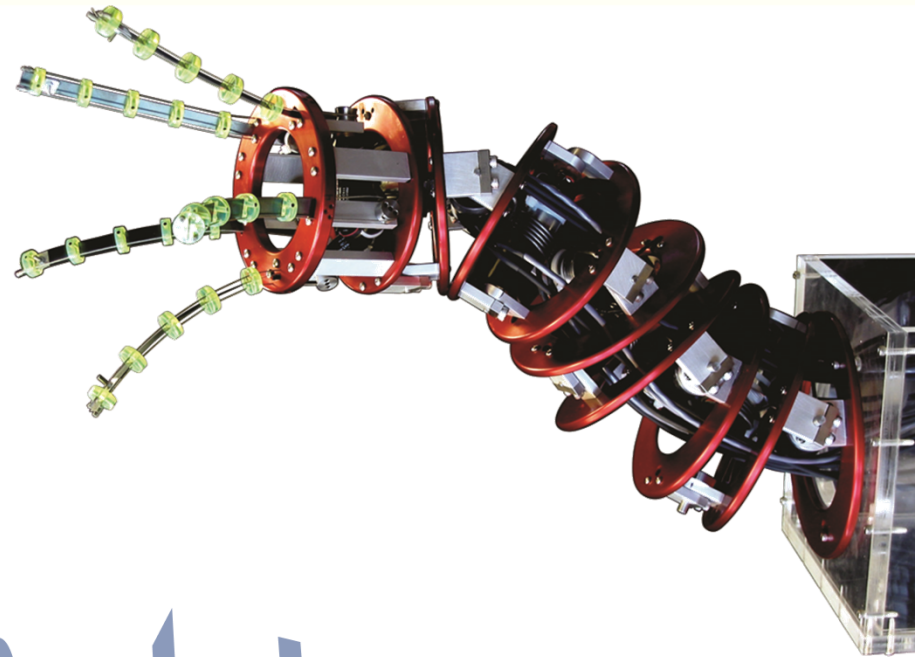
for course

A+	98%	<i>Excellent Work.</i> Student performance demonstrates thorough knowledge of the course materials and exceeds course expectations by completing all requirements in a superior manner.
A	94	
A-	90	
B+	85	<i>Very Good Work.</i> Student performance demonstrates above-average comprehension of the course materials and exceeds course expectations on all tasks as defined in the course syllabus.
B	80	
B-	75	
C+	70	<i>Good Work.</i> Student performance meets designated course expectations and demonstrates understanding of the course materials at an acceptable level.
C	65	
C-	60	
D+	55	<i>Marginal Work.</i> Student performance demonstrates incomplete understanding of course materials.
D	50	
D-	45	
F	Less than 45	<i>Fail.</i>

key events coming up

- **Labs: 35% (ISE-483)**
 - Complete 5 (best 4 graded) assignments based on algorithms presented in class
 - Lab 0 : January 29th
 - *Introduction to Python* (No Assignment)
 - Delivered by SSIE583 Group 2
 - Lab 1 : February 5th
 - *Measuring Information* (Assignment 1)
 - Delivered by SSIE583 Group 3
- **SSIE – 583 -Presentation and Discussion: 25%**
 - Present and lead the discussion of an article related to the class materials
 - Enginet students post/send video or join by Zoom
 - First presentation January 29th
 - Langton, C. [1989]. "Artificial Life" In *Artificial Life*. C. Langton (Ed.). Addison-Wesley. pp. 1-47.
 - Pattee, H. [1989], "Simulations, Realizations, and Theories of Life". In *Artificial Life*. C. Langton (Ed.). Addison-Wesley. pp. 63-77.
 - Presented by?
 - Discussion by all

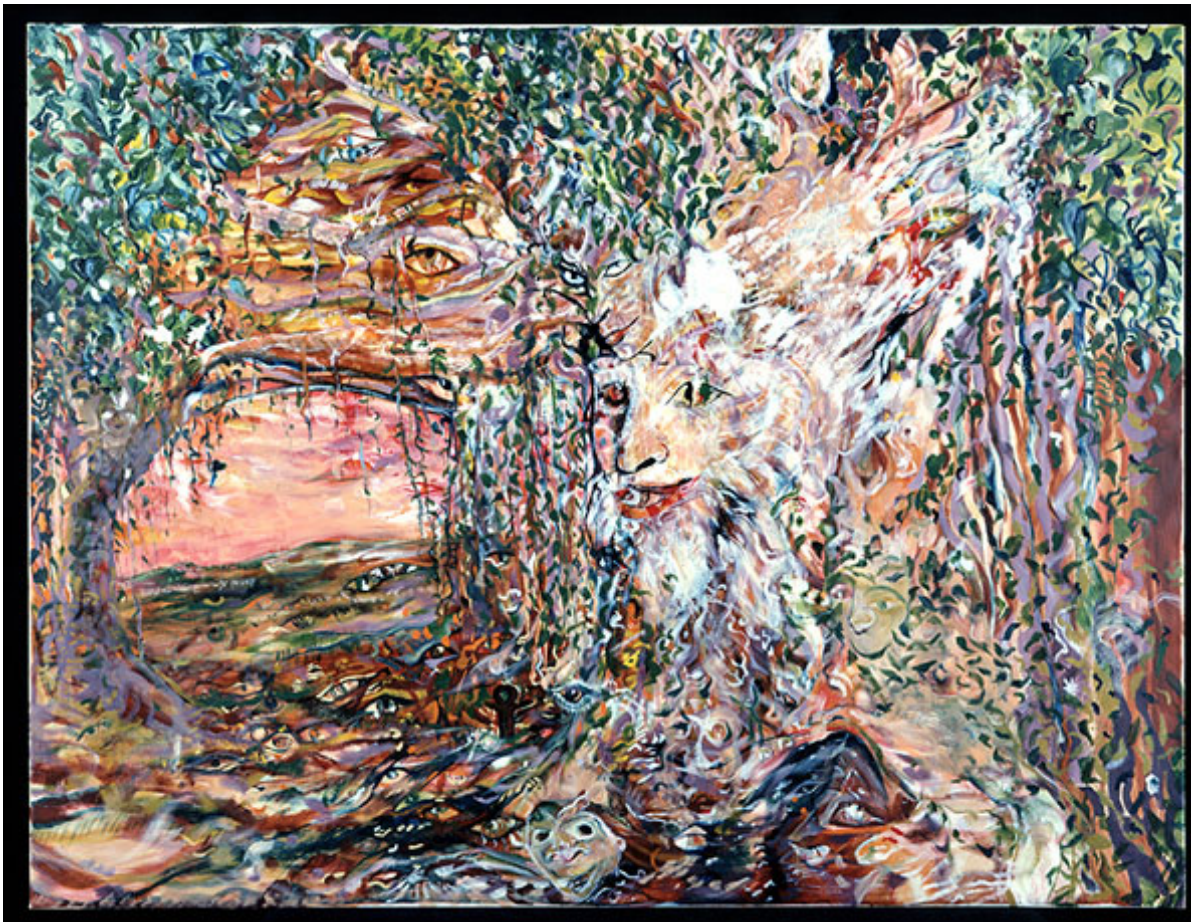
lecture 1



What is life?

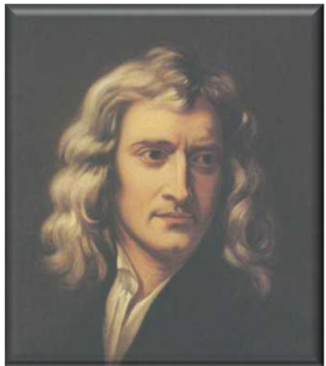
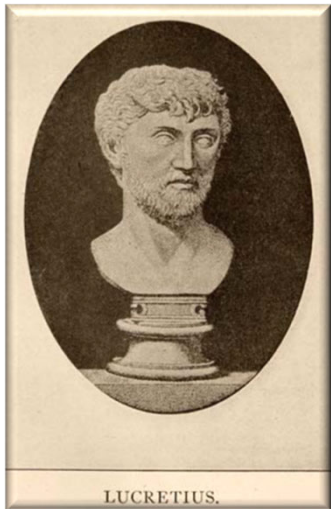
What is life?

historically, not a relevant question



Animism by Georgeanne

how?

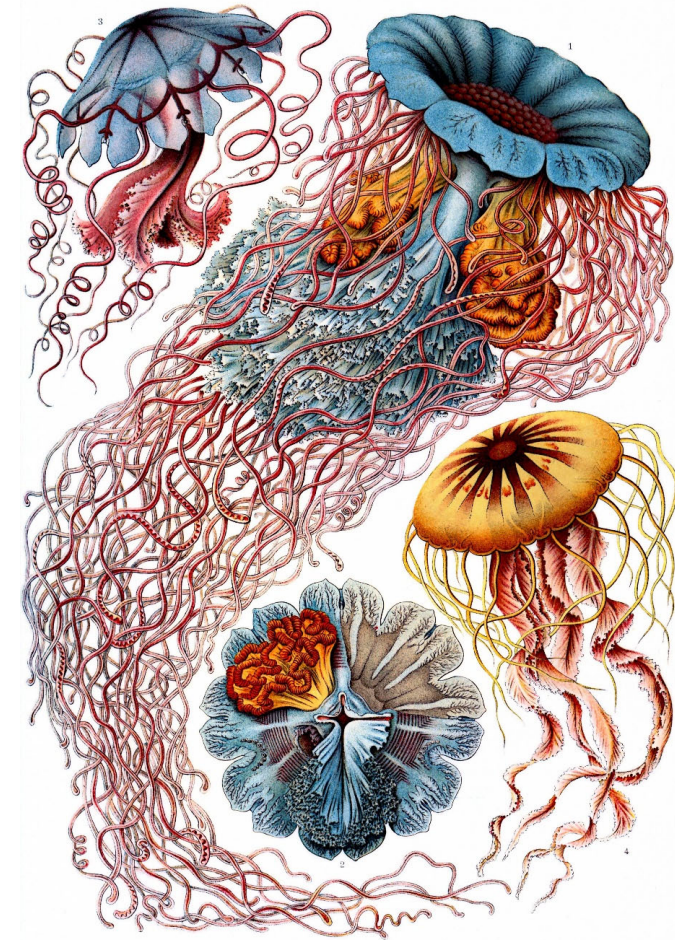


- **Lucretius (ca 66 B.C)**
 - How can choice arise if all atoms follow inexorable mechanical courses?
 - Titus Lucretius Carus
 - Epicurean Roman poet
 - Free Will vs. determinism
 - Also Aquinas...
- **Universal Mechanism**
 - The universe is best understood as a completely mechanical system
 - A system composed entirely of matter in motion under a complete and regular system of *laws of nature*.
 - Materialism, determinism
 - Laplace, Hobbes,.....
- **Newton**
 - everything explained according to the operation of a single mechanical principle

Webster's dictionary

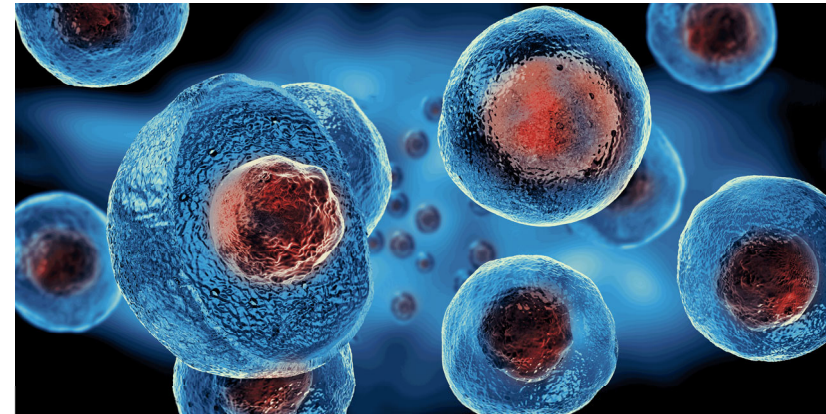
■ life adj.

- the general **condition that distinguishes organisms from inorganic objects and dead organisms**, being manifested by **growth through metabolism**, a means of **reproduction**, and internal **regulation in response** to the environment.
- the **animate existence** or period of animate existence of an individual.
- a corresponding state, existence, or principle of existence conceived of as belonging to the **soul**.
- the period of existence, activity, or effectiveness of something inanimate, as a machine, lease, or play.
- **animation**; liveliness; **spirit**: the force that makes or keeps something alive; the **vivifying or quickening principle**.



for life

- **Organization** distinct from inorganic matter
 - with an associated list of properties
 - matter controlled by genomic information
- **Animated behavior**
- **Vitalism**
 - life as a special, incommensurable, quality
 - Not a viable scientific explanation, because for science nothing is in principle incommensurable.
 - Pertains to metaphysics.
 - If the agent of design cannot be observed with physical means, then it is by definition beyond the scope of science as it cannot be tested.
 - See Dennett's and Polt's pieces



the living organization?

how to identify it?

List of properties

- Growth
- Metabolism
- Reproduction
- Adaptability
- Self-maintenance (autonomy)
- Self-repair
- Self-assembly
- Reaction
- Evolution
- Choice

Threshold of complexity

- Closure (metabolic, functional)
 - Categorization and Control
 - Function (self-reference)
- Open-ended evolution
- (genomic) Information

Is life Fuzzy?

Is there a synthetic criteria? How general can it be?



Xyfskwi 8Htr uqj }ny~8.wtzu

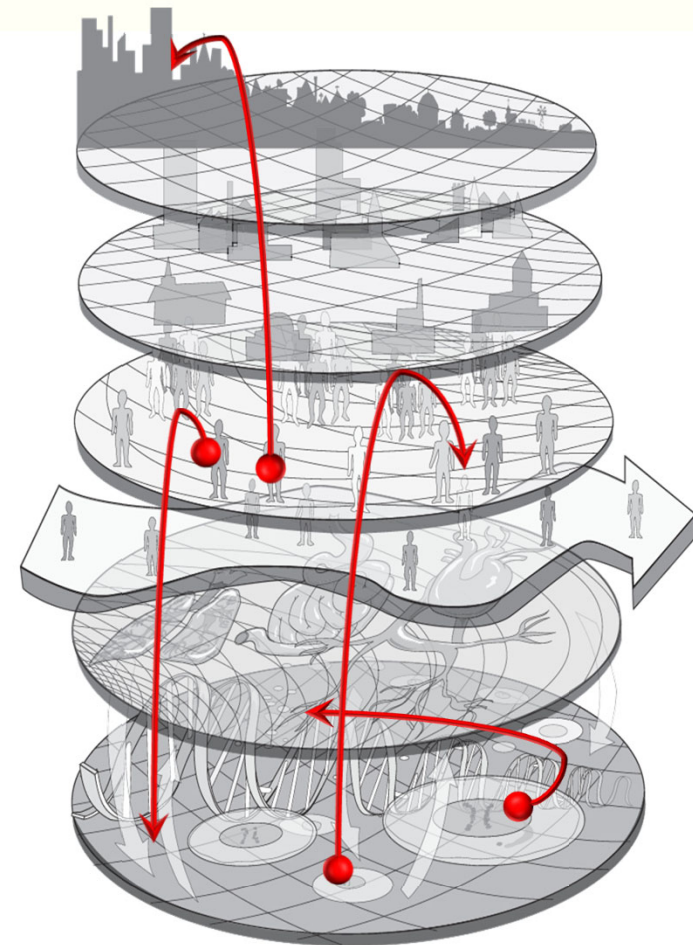
self-assembling wires?

complexity threshold

- Science often sees life as the complicated physics of a collection of moving bodies
 - Reductionist search for answers in the nitty-gritty of biochemistry
 - Separable variables or near-decomposable modules (Simon)
 - When do we reach a threshold of complexity after which matter is said to be living?
 - Which variables, networks, components, relations must be included?
 - Life as (emergent) organization
 - Systems Thinking
 - Ludwig von Bertalanfy (1980)
 - What is important are not the actual physical components but the relations amongst them
- But what about evolution and history?
- Conflict between (general) organization and specific components with their history
 - What organization explains evolution?



“Seeking a connecting link, they had condescended to the preposterous assumption of structureless living matter, unorganized organisms, which darted together of themselves in the albumen solution, like crystals in their mother-liquor; yet organic differentiation still remained at once condition and expression of all life. **One could point to no form of life that did not owe its existence to procreation by parents**”. Thomas Mann [1924].



Pescosolido, B.A. 2006. Journal of Health and Social Behavior 47: 189-208.

complexity threshold

- Science often sees life as the complicated physics of a collection of moving bodies
 - Reductionist search for answers in the nitty-gritty of biochemistry
 - Separable variables or near-decomposable modules (Simon)
 - When do we reach a threshold of complexity after which matter is said to be living?
 - Which variables, networks, components, relations must be included?

■ Life as (emergent) organization

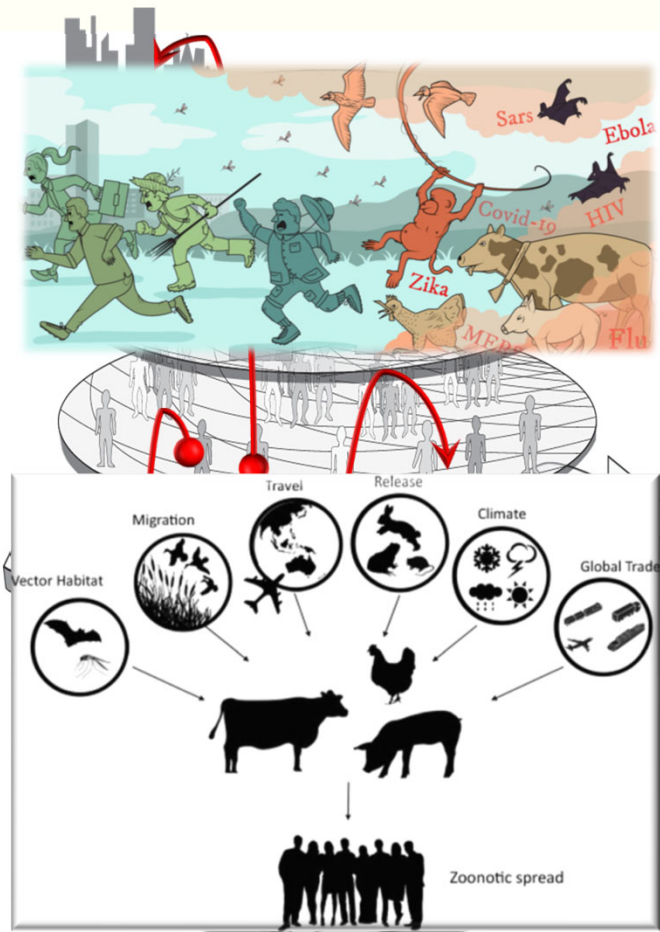
● Systems Thinking

- Ludwig von Bertalanfy (1980)
- What is important are not the actual physical components but the relations amongst them

But what about evolution and history?

- Conflict between (general) organization and specific components with their history
- What organization explains evolution?

“Seeking a connecting link, they had condescended to the preposterous assumption of structureless living matter, unorganized organisms, which darted together of themselves in the albumen solution, like crystals in their mother-liquor; yet organic differentiation still remained at once condition and expression of all life. **One could point to no form of life that did not owe its existence to procreation by parents**”. Thomas Mann [1924].



Pescosolido, B.A. 2006. Journal of Health and Social Behavior 47: 189-208.